|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| سنة البحث | مجلة النشر | الكلية | اسم الباحث | الهدف من البحث | موضوع البحث | رقم البحث |
| 2014 | Effect of Chronic treatment With none steroidal anti-inflammatory drug ( diclofenac ) on Kidney scintigraphy | كلية  التمريض | سهام محمد درويش مصطفى | The current measurements of radiation dose rates within Kuwait ,during this project, were carried out using two different methods.  A handheld Nal scintillation dosimeter/ spectrometer was employed in the first method foe outdoor and indoor surveys . In the second method, a radiation monitoring network was established to measure the dose rates in a continuous basis at some sites in Kuwait. The outdoor survey was performed in the desert of Kuwait for 100 locations using the first method ( with the handheld device) during the period from August 2013 to December 2014. The measured dose rates were found to be within the range of 39-59 nSv/h with a mean Value of 46.5 nsv/h. On the other hand, the indoor survey using the first method ( with the handheld device) was carried out in 200dwellings,during the period from May 2013 until April 2015 . The measured dose rates were found to be within the range of 39.3 to 103.3 nSv/h with mean of 70.4 nSv/h for 244 different locations within the 200 d<br> | Effect of Chronic treatment with none Steroidal anti inflammatory drug (diclofenac) Kidney Scintigraphy  تأثير الأدوية المضادة للالتهابات والخافضة للحرارة والمسكنة للآلام ( دايكلوفيناك ) المزمن على صور رسم الكلى باستخدام المواد المشعة . | CN-13-01 |